

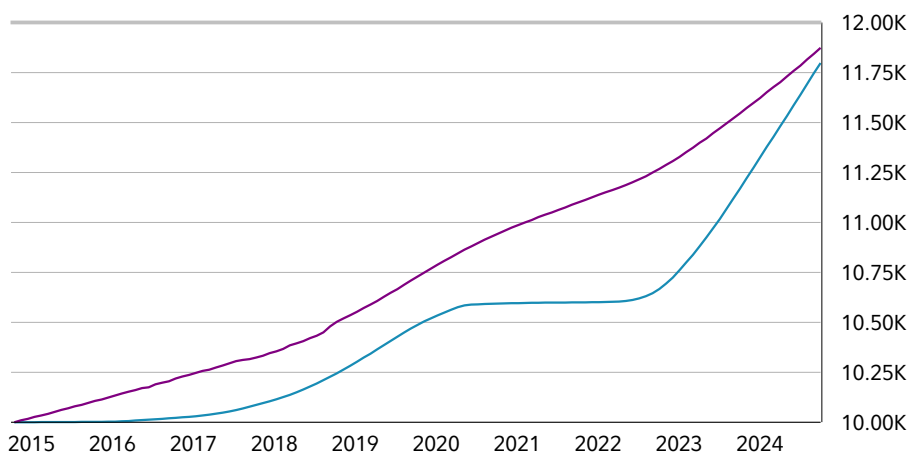
RPB Capital Preservation Fund

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Hypothetical Growth of \$10,000^{2,3}

AS OF 09/30/2024 ; Stable Value

● RPB Capital Preservation Fund : \$11,874 ● FTSE 3-Month U.S. Treasury Bill Index : \$11,798



The performance data featured represents past performance, which is no guarantee of future results. Investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate; therefore, you may have a gain or loss when you sell your shares. Current performance may be higher or lower than the performance data quoted.

Performance^{1,2,4,5}

AS OF 09/30/2024

Monthly	YTD (Monthly)	Average Annual Total Returns				
		1 Yr	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	Life
RPB Capital Preservation Fund	2.17%	2.85%	2.27%	2.05%	1.73%	1.67%
FTSE 3-Mo Treasury Bill	4.17%	5.63%	3.63%	2.38%	1.67%	1.42%

Quarter-End (AS OF 09/30/2024)						
	1 Yr	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	Life	
RPB Capital Preservation Fund	2.85%	2.27%	2.05%	1.73%	1.67%	

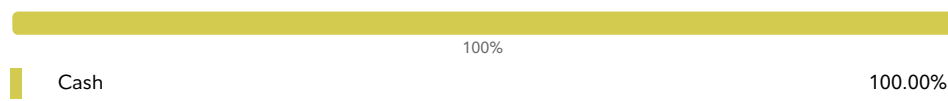
Calendar Year Returns^{1,2,4,5}

AS OF 09/30/2024

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
RPB Capital Preservation Fund	1.84%	1.36%	1.69%	2.61%	2.17%
FTSE 3-Mo Treasury Bill	0.58%	0.05%	1.50%	5.26%	4.17%

Asset Allocation⁶

AS OF 06/30/2024



Details

Morningstar Category	Stable Value
Fund Inception	12/31/2012
NAV 10/04/2024	\$11.54
Exp Ratio (Gross) 06/30/2024	0.2700% (\$2.70 per \$1,000)
Turnover Rate 12/31/2023	%
Share Class Net Assets (\$M) 09/30/2024	\$87.48

Top 10 Holdings⁶

AS OF 06/30/2024

100% of Total Portfolio

2 holdings as of 06/30/2024

Rpb Stable Value

Fidelity Inv MM Government Instl

Volatility Measures

Beta 09/30/2024	0.26
R ² 09/30/2024	0.93
Sharpe Ratio 09/30/2024	-7.84
Standard Deviation 09/30/2024	0.17

Portfolio Diversification⁶

AS OF 06/30/2024

Cash & Equivalents	100.00%
Agency Mortgage-Backed	0.00%
Asset-Backed	0.00%
Bank Loan	0.00%
Commercial Mortgage-Backed	0.00%
Convertible	0.00%
Corporate Bond	0.00%
Covered Bond	0.00%
Future/Forward	0.00%
Government	0.00%
Government Related	0.00%

Fund Overview

Objective

Stability of principal.

Strategy

Seeks to preserve the principal balance of fund assets. Invests in the Goldman Sachs Asset Management (GSAM) Stable Value Fund, which is a well-diversified mix of high-quality, short- and medium-term bonds and other fixed income securities, combined with insurance contracts that guard against loss of principal.

Risk

The Contracts and securities purchased for the fund are backed solely by the financial resources of the issuers of such Contracts and securities. An investment in the fund is not insured or guaranteed by the manager(s), the plan sponsor, the trustee, the FDIC, or any other government agency. The Contracts purchased by the fund permit the fund to account for the fixed income securities at book value (principal plus interest accrued to date). Through the use of book value accounting, there is no immediate recognition of investment gains and losses on the fund's securities. Instead, gains and losses are recognized over time by periodically adjusting the interest rate credited to the fund under the Contracts. However, while the fund seeks to preserve your principal investment, it is possible to lose money by investing in this fund. The Contracts provide for the payment of certain withdrawals and exchanges at book value during the terms of the Contracts. In order to maintain the Contract issuers' promise to pay such withdrawals and exchanges at book value, the Contracts subject the fund and its participants to certain restrictions. For example, withdrawals prompted by certain events (e.g., layoffs, early retirement windows, spin-offs, sale of a division, facility closings, plan terminations, partial plan terminations, changes in laws or regulations) may be paid at the market value of the fund's securities, which may be less than your book value balance. Additional risk information for this product may be found in the prospectus or other product materials, if available.

Certain investment options offered by your plan (e.g., money market funds, short term bond funds, certain asset allocation/lifecycle funds and brokerage window) may be deemed by the Contract issuers to "compete" with this fund. The terms of the Contracts prohibit you from making a direct exchange from this fund to such competing funds. Instead, you must first exchange to a non-competing fund for 90 days. While these requirements may seem restrictive, they are imposed by the Contract issuers as a condition for the issuer's promise to pay certain withdrawals and exchanges at book value.

Fund Overview (continued)

Additional Disclosures

The investment option is a stable value investment option. It is managed by Goldman Sachs Asset Management. This description is only intended to provide a brief overview of the investment option.

This investment option is not a mutual fund.

Fund Transfer Restrictions

The 90-day equity wash rule restricts investors from transferring assets directly from the Stable Value Fund to the following designated competing funds: Vanguard Short-Term Bond Index Fund and Vanguard Short-Term Inflation Protected Securities Fund.

To transfer assets from the Stable Value Fund into the competing funds, you must first transfer the assets to a noncompeting fund, such as an equity fund or a longer-term bond fund. The assets must remain in the non-competing fund for at least 90 days before they can be moved into a competing fund. This applies to all transfers from the Stable Value Fund to the competing funds. The list of competing funds may change in the future.

Glossary Of Terms

Beta: A measure of a portfolio's sensitivity to market movements (as represented by a benchmark index). The benchmark index has a beta of 1.0. A beta of more (less) than 1.0 indicates that a fund's historical returns have fluctuated more (less) than the benchmark index. Beta is a more reliable measure of volatility when used in combination with a high R^2 which indicates a high correlation between the movements in a fund's returns and movements in a benchmark index.

Expense Ratio (Gross): Expense ratio is a measure of what it costs to operate an investment, expressed as a percentage of its assets, as a dollar amount, or in basis points. These are costs the investor pays through a reduction in the investment's rate of return. For a mutual fund, the gross expense ratio is the total annual fund or class operating expenses directly paid by the fund from the fund's most recent prospectus (before waivers or reimbursements). This ratio also includes Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses, which are expenses indirectly incurred by a fund through its ownership of shares in other investment companies. If the investment option is not a mutual fund, the expense ratio may be calculated using methodologies that differ from those used for mutual funds.

FTSE 3-Month U.S. Treasury Bill Index: The FTSE 3-Month Treasury Bill Index is an unmanaged index designed to represent the average of T-bill rates for each of the prior three months, adjusted to a bond-equivalent basis.

Net Asset Value (NAV): The dollar value of one mutual fund's share, excluding any sales charges or redemption fees. The NAV is calculated by subtracting liabilities from the value of a fund's total assets and dividing it by the number of fund's shares outstanding.

R^2 : A measurement of how closely the portfolio's performance correlates with the performance of the fund's primary benchmark index or equivalent. R^2 is a proportion which ranges between 0.00 and 1.00. An R^2 of 1.00 indicates perfect correlation to the benchmark index, that is, all of the portfolio's fluctuations are explained by performance fluctuations of the index, while an R^2 of 0.00 indicates no correlation. Therefore, the lower the R^2 , the more the fund's performance is affected by factors other than the market as measured by that benchmark index. An R^2 value of less than 0.5 indicates that the Annualized Alpha and Beta are not reliable performance statistics.

Share Class Net Assets (\$M): The difference between the total assets and liabilities of a single share class of a fund.

Sharpe Ratio: The Sharpe ratio is a measure of historical risk-adjusted performance. It is calculated by dividing the fund's excess returns (the fund's average annual return for the period minus the 3-month "risk free" return rate) and dividing it by the standard deviation of the fund's returns. The higher the ratio, the better the fund's return per unit of risk. The three month "risk free" rate used is the 90-day Treasury Bill rate.

Stable Value: Stable-value portfolios seek to provide income while preventing price fluctuations. The most common stable-value portfolios invest in a diversified portfolio of bonds and enter into wrapper agreements with financial companies to guarantee against fluctuations in their share prices. These wrapper agreements typically provide price stability on a day-to-day basis, thereby insulating each portfolio's net asset value from interest-rate volatility. Therefore, the duration for each of these funds is essentially zero.

Standard Deviation: Statistical measure of how much a return varies over an extended period of time. The more variable the returns, the larger the standard deviation. Investors may examine historical standard deviation in conjunction with historical returns to decide whether an investment's volatility would have been acceptable given the returns it would have produced. A higher standard deviation indicates a wider dispersion of past returns and thus greater historical volatility. Standard deviation does not indicate how an investment actually performed, but it does indicate the volatility of its returns over time. Standard deviation is annualized. The returns used for this calculation are not load-adjusted.

Turnover Rate: The lesser of amounts of purchases or sales of long-term portfolio securities divided by the monthly average value of long-term securities owned by the fund.

Important Information

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Generally, the issuer of a mutual fund is the fund or trust which issues the shares; the issuer of collective investment trusts is the underlying trust or investment vehicle which issues the units; the issuer of a stock fund is the company which issues the shares; the issuer of options such as separate accounts and strategies is the plan which makes them available; the issuer of a fixed return option is the insurance company or other company which offers the investment; the issuer of an annuity contract is the insurance company and/or the insurance company separate account.

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1. Long-term fund performance returns (e.g. 1 Yr, 3 Yrs, 5 Yrs, 10 Yrs) may not be available due to the fund inception date.

Important Information (continued)

2. The Morningstar Category Average is the average return for the peer group based on the returns of each individual fund within the group, for the period shown. This average assumes reinvestment of dividends.
3. This chart illustrates the performance of a hypothetical \$10,000 investment made in this investment product (and a benchmark or category average, if shown) from the beginning date shown or on the inception date of the product (whichever is later). Some products do not have monthly performance data available back to inception date. The inception date used for products with underlying funds, or multiple shares classes, or are offered as a separate account, strategy or sub account, may be the inception date of the underlying fund, the earliest share class of the product, or the date composite performance for the product was first made available. The product's returns may not reflect all its expenses. Any fees not reflected would lower the returns. Benchmark returns include reinvestment of capital gains and dividends, if any, but do not reflect any fees or expenses. It is not possible to invest in an index. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. This chart is not intended to imply any future performance of the investment product.
4. Percent Rank in Category is the fund's total-return percentile rank relative to all funds that have the same Morningstar Category. The highest (or most favorable) percentile rank is 1 and the lowest (or least favorable) percentile rank is 100. The top-performing fund in a category will always receive a rank of 1. % Rank in Category is based on total returns which include reinvested dividends and capital gains, if any, and exclude sales charges. Multiple share classes of a fund have a common portfolio but impose different expense structures. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.
5. Total returns are historical and may include change in share value and reinvestment of dividends and capital gains, if any. Cumulative total returns are reported as of the period indicated. Life of fund figures are reported as of the commencement date to the period indicated and are cumulative if the fund is less than one year old. Total returns do not reflect the fund's [%] sales charge. If sales charges were included, total returns would have been lower.
6. Any holdings, asset allocation, diversification breakdowns or other composition data shown are as of the date indicated and are subject to change at any time. They may not be representative of the fund's current or future investments. Some breakdowns may be intentionally limited to a particular class or other subset of the fund's entire portfolio, particularly in asset allocation and hybrid funds, where for example, the attributes of the equity and fixed income portions are different. Due to time-lags in reporting, the as-of date may be the date the data was reported rather than the date the fund held the assets. For funds that invest in other funds, the underlying funds may report their holdings on different schedules, so the aggregated information presented may include results from a combination of reporting periods.

